

Docket No.: PC-0028 US

Gap: 2 penalties; Gap x drop-off: 50; Expect: 10; Word Size: 11; and Filter: on. Identity is measured over the entire length of a sequence or some smaller portion thereof. Brenner *et al.* (1998; Proc Natl Acad Sci 95:6073-6078, incorporated herein by reference) analyzed the BLAST for its ability to identify structural homologs by sequence identity and found 30% identity is a reliable threshold for sequence alignments of at least 150 residues and 40%, for alignments of at least 70 residues.

Please replace the paragraph beginning at p.33, line 20 with the following written paragraph:

Following assembly, templates were subjected to BLAST, motif, and other functional analyses and categorized in protein hierarchies using methods described in USSN 08/812,290 and USSN 08/811,758, both filed March 6, 1997; in USSN 08/947,845, filed October 9, 1997; and in USSN 09/034,807, filed March 4, 1998. Then templates were analyzed by translating each template in all three forward reading frames and searching each translation against the PFAM database of hidden Markov model-based protein families and domains using the HMMER software package (Washington University School of Medicine, St. Louis MO). The cDNA was further analyzed using MACDNASIS PRO software (Hitachi Software Engineering), and LASERGENE software (DNASTAR) and queried against public databases such as the GenBank rodent, mammalian, vertebrate, prokaryote, and eukaryote databases, SwissProt, BLOCKS, PRINTS, PFAM, and Prosite.

IN THE CLAIMS

Please amend claims 1 and 3 as follows.

For the Examiner's convenience, all pending claims are listed below. Attached hereto is a marked-up version of the changes made to the claims by the current amendment. The attached page is captioned "Version with markings to show changes made."